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TUESDAY, MARCH 14, 1905.

Editorial Reception-Room.......Main 356

Circulation During February. W. B. Carr. Business Manager of The St. Louis Republic, being duly sworn, says that the actual number of full and complete copies of The Daily and Sunday Republic printed during the month of February, 1905, all in regular editions, was as per schedule below:

Date. Copies. Date. Copies. 1. 102,280 \$ (%zuday).....125,930 | 19 (Sanday).....125,490102,670 22......103,000 13 (Sunday)-....124,730 26 (Sunday)-....127,250 13......102.170 27......102,900 14......102,540 29......102,130 Less all copies spoiled in printing, left over

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Net number distributed

Average daily distribution

And said W. B. Carr further says that the number of copies returned and reported unsold during the month of February was 12.99 per cent. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 28th day f February.

W. B. CARR.
me this 28th day
J. F. FARISH.

My term expires April 25, 1905.

REDUCE EXCISE FEES.

The Senate bill to put the St. Louis Excise Commissioners' office on a salary basis should be moved up on the House calendar and considered promptly. The bill should be amended to refer only to the compensation of the Excise Commissioner.

less logical, unnecessary. Saloon license fees, under the present law, go partly to the payment of the Commissioner's compensation, but while the latter is far too much, nobody believes that the saloonkeepers pay the State too much for their privileges. The State should receive the benefit, and not the

saloonkeepers, from the reduction of the Commis sioner's compensation, and the amount in excess should go into the treasury. The subject of putting the Commissioner on a

salary basis requires only very simple legislation, and its importance demands prompt treatment by

LABOR IN THE SOUTH.

While the connection between the passenger department of a railroad and the Chinese exclusion act may seem remote, yet John M. Beall, General Passenger Agent of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, who, in a recent interview in New Orleans, expressed himself strongly in favor of encouraging Chinese labor to settle in the South, is able to speak In the first place, Mr. Beail is a Southern man

and therefore thoroughly familiar with the conditions, from both an industrial and a social standpoint.

In the second place, he is connected with a rail read which is doing much to upbuild the South and therefore is in constant touch with the industrial

In the third place, Mr. Beall lived for three years on the Pacific Coast and while there gave much at tention to the question of Chinese labor, In the interview Mr. Beall says, in part:

The Chinese coolle is industflous, frugal and economical, not only in his own interest, but also in that of his employer. He is faithful and painstaking to a remarkable degree. It is argued against him that he comes to this country for the purpose of accumulating what he regards as a competency and then returns to China Admitting this, has this country suffered? No. And in this respect is he different from the Italian? No. And while he has solourned with us has he not given full value for every dollar his employer has

Ask the landholder and the housekeeper on the Pacific Coast. I lived in California for three years and speak from experience and observation and not from hearsay. As a laborer in the field the Chinaman is most excellent. As a house servant he has no superior. And with it all he is so quiet, so tractable and so unobtrusive China has a superabundance of the class of labor we need and it is to be hoped that our statesmen will see to it that our present laws of exclusion are modified, if not

There is no disguising the fact that the South has experted to a material extent from a lack of day until Saturday, but there is a great probability means by which they can undertake it. that he will not return to work on the Monday fol-

Southern negro laborer in one day is rendered micro- taxes nobody except those who are directly benefited secule by the time spent in resting and conversation, and who voluntarily avail themselves of its pro-

The Chinese laborer works steadily, methodically and laboriously from sun-up to sunset.

His sole idea is to earn enough money to return to China, and that is about \$300. When he gets this amount be quits the country, but it is safe to say that he has left at least a thousand dollars' worth of

prement to counterbalance the \$500 which he

Chinese labor threatens evils when it comes contact and competition with white labor. It has a tendency to lower the standard of living and wages; to take away that American chance to rise in the world which is the best part of our heritage. But in the South progress is retarded and the white race is deprived of opportunities by the presence of shiftless, unprofitable and uncertain labor.

Broadly and practically considered, the use of Chinese labor in the South may be impossible with-1.30 out the consequence of pouring an undesirable element over other sections of the country. Taking the South alone, there is much of truth in what Mr. Reall says.

WATCH THE GANG CLOSELY.

It will pay the citizens to study the maneuvers of the misgovernment gang. This campaign comprehends in the one issue of integrity and efficiency in public office all the incidents of business administration. The gang opposing good government dodges the main issue and confuses the one important point with whatever minor questions it can raise. The object of the gang is to create an impression that the exponents of reform and progress are neither honest, capable nor sincere; and that the gang is worthy of the voters' good will. For these and other reasons it is necessary that the people should observe the gang's tactics and discover the gang's disguised agents.

The gang is behaving toward Mayor Wells as LONDON-Trafalgar building, Northumberland it acted toward Circuit Attorney Folk. With the help of its partisan organs it tried, as will be remembered, to slight the work of Mr. Folk. One gang organ went so far as to vituperate Mr. Folk for exposing bribery and for indicting criminals. The same trickery is manifested toward Mayor Wells. The gang is trying to underestimate progress and reform, and through the same organ which blamed Mr. For it is criticising every act of better ment. This is the leading effort to complicate the ssue, and its aim is to deceive the public into the idea that reform is not reform; that progress is not progress, and that the officials who are producing reform and advancement do not deserve apprecia-

> It was charged that Mr. Folk's work was use less and expensive. The people, however, thought differently, and they were not fooled. It is charged by the gang that the Wells administration has not rendered business government in establishing the city's finances on a safe basis. It is charged that, good streets are not good streets; that clear water is not clear water; that good sewers are not good sewers; that municipal lighting and garbage plants are not municipal plants; that new engine-houses and new apparatus are not new engine-houses and new apparatus; that the enforcement of standards in the public service is not reformative, and that, all in all, reform is not reform and business admin-Istration is not business administration.

Husky politicians, who represent the gang, have imbibed clarified water for a year and have enjoyed the best of health. Yet, in the midst of an important campaign, they say that they "feel had," owing to "stomach complaint," and, perhaps, they have been "drinking too much of this purified water." Poor fellows! How they used to thrive on Mississippi mud. How they have relished the clear water during the last year! How sick the pure water makes them when political bile irritates their stomachs! The whole gang feels that its members may die from "stomach trouble" from "drinking clarified water," if they can't have misgovernment

works, must be wiped out of politics in St. Louis. The gang is tricky, but its schemes are not too deep to be fathomable. The gang's agents are in disguise, and they are clever in their manipulations, but their disguise and their eleverness are not impenetrable to the eyesight of the average shrewd citizen The gang's nominees stand under different banners, but hypocrisy can be detected.

The gang's forces are against reform and against advancement. They were not for Folk, and they are not for Wells. They could not control the nominations on the Wells good-government ticket, and they have their representatives on other tickets. Beyond this, they are doing their utmost to gain control over the House of Delegates,

Citizens, as The Republic has always insisted have to be guided by the characters and records of nominees. Moreover, they have to show the earnestness of their enthusiasm by taking an active part in the election. Good government is to stand or fall on April 4, and if it falls that day it will remain a wreck for four years. Citizens should look back of the gang's tricks, look behind the gang's connection with the tickets which oppose the reform and progress ticket, and do their duty toward perpetuating business government.

PASS THE GOOD-ROADS BILL.

To-night the Senate's good-roads measure come up as a special order in the House. There It is difficult to find a reason for the House's past action in tabling this measure, which was drawn in accordance with the request of the good-roads committees in bota nouses in joint session and was approved by the House committee.

The bill precisely fits the proper theory of State read construction; it is in accordance with Missouri's The Piigrim. constitutional requirements as respects taxation; its operation would be absolutely equitable, and it would put Missouri's road work on a plane where systematic and general development would be pos-

It would piace road work under the supervision of a State commission, composed of a commissioner with paid engineers in his service, who, besides generally directing construction, formulating a broad plan for the State and in every way possible furthering a fine and complete system of highways, would collect data, diffuse information, make surveys and estimates in aid of the country road districts. The bill places the work actually in the hands of the local road districts, and leaves the question of whether work shall be undertaken directly to the land owners. It prevides for benefit assessments,

Under this bill, therefore, work would be voluntary by localises. Doubtless many would not for steady, intelligent labor. Of cheap labor, in certain such great benefits to the State, were not taken seasons, there is plenty in the South. The negro advantage of at once; but the bill offers to many will work for comparatively small wages from Mon- localities which undir need road work the only

The importance of this measure cannot be over estimated. It looks to the benefit of the State as Then the amount of work done by the ordinary a while, particularly of the farming interests. It which seems to be absolutely necessary to the race. visions. One man does not have to pay for another man's improvements. Nor, under this bill, would it be possible for the man in the town to prevent his brother in the country from developing the reads.

Provided this bill is made a law, it is fair to predict speedy and large development of Missouri's highways. The Missouri farmer is given every en- They are partial to ment and rodks.

ment to provide the best of reads, and he will soon be taught the value of the very bust. will not cost the individual much. Once built, the cost of maintaining them is so near nothing as to be inconsiderable. Good roads are the cheapost and best investment for land owners, and under the scheme provided by this measure it is an investment which they may make or not make at will. When it is made, by the co-operation of the State, it will be in accordance with the best approved methods and of permanent value.

MEASURES IMPERATIVELY DEMANDED. The antipooling bill is of even more important

than the repeal of the breeders' law. Po must have their doors locked tight by legislation and the Assembly should be quick about it.

Unless poolrooms are closed and bookmaking and other kindred forms of gambling are strictly pro-bibited, the repeal of the breeders' law will have done more barm than good.

Gambling of this character is worse for the community and more demoralizing to the individual than betting on local racing.

The Legislature should speedily enact the ancillary measures necessary to enforce the public's pretest against gambling which moved the repeal of the breeders' law, and which are necessary to give the repeal full effect,

Of course there have been no conferences or agreements over the gang candidates for the mayoralty. The people just meet and select the noblest Roman in the forum. It is a saintly picture of Liberty meeting up with Wisdom.

Nicholas is to mobilize another army. We bet not. It takes money, and nobody cares to buy the Czar's bonds. London won't, France can't and Ber-

A mysterious Japanese ship is reported off the coast of California, Well, Mr. Mikado, if we must, we must. Just ask for what you want.

It's of no use to have repealed the breeders' law f poolselling is going to be turned loose in a flood downtown. Pass the anti-poolselling bill.

Russia has emblazoned her name in history. She has lost more men in three weeks than any nation ever lest before in that time.

Kuropatkin will have to encircle the globe if he is going to eat his next Christmas dinner in Tokio,

RECENT COMMENT.

Collier's Weekly.

According to a report of United States Consul Hunt, at Tamatave, the industry of drawing silk from spiders, which the unappreciated philosophers of Laputa under took 30 years ago, is now under way on a comme scale in Madagascar. The female spinning spider of that island (nephila madagascariensis) grows to a length of two inches and a half and swarms in millions about the potentiary to the United States from capital. The silk is recled off by native girls, each of whom has a basket filled with live spiders at her side. She takes out a dozen, fastens them in a frame, draws out the ends of their webs and combines them into a single thread, which is passed over a book and attached to a reel. The girl then sets the reel to revolving with a pedal, and, like the public under the manipulation of the trusts, the spiders have to "give up." Unlike the public however, they are said to suffer no discomfort from the operation. When a spider's supply of silk is exhau The bill should be amended to refer only to the supersation of the Excise Commissioner.

As it reads at present it makes a large reduction.

As it reads at present it makes a large reduction the gang's methods and the gang's nominees must be discovered by the supersation of the Excise Commissioner.

The bill should be amended to refer only to the mud until election day.

The gang's methods and the gang's agents and going through the reel five or six times it becomes dissoluted in all between two and at the St. Louis Club in honor of Sir Chenamic lowed to attend. In Europe, the women take an active part in politics by planning going through the reel five or six times it becomes dissoluted in all between two and at the St. Louis Club in honor of Sir Chenamic lowed to attend. In Europe, the women take an active part in politics by planning going through the reel five or six times it becomes dissoluted in all between two and the gang's nominees must be discovered by the expensive. It takes a thread over thirty-five miles long and nineteen strands thick to weigh an ounce, which makes the fiber cost about \$60 a pound.

The Worst of All Adultorations Leglie's Weekly.

Perhaps no species of villainy is more cruel and reprehensible than the adulteration of drugs used in disease and which may murder the invalid they were supposed to benefit. It is fortunate that the Washington authorities have taken the work in hand and have succeeded to unearthing a gang of these scoundrels in Chicago, by making raids on the places where bogus drugs were 3 made, confiscating four patrol-wagon loads of "medicine and arresting five persons for misusing the mails. It is stated that the evidence upon which the arrests wer made was based upon a chemical analysis made by Doc tor Virgil Coblentz of Columbia University. He found that a kind of triethylate, sold to druggists as a substi tute for trional, a sleep-producing medicine, acted as an irritant instead. This doctored drug was being dispose of at 2 cents an ounce, while the genuine article sold for \$1 50 an ounce. An analysis of the alleged aristol, sold a a substitute for iodoform, showed that it contained 75 per cent of Fuller's earth, colored with iron rust

California Preserves Its First Theater Oramatic Mirror.

The first theater in California was the long, low adob building which is still standing in the picturesque and historic town of Monterey. This relic of the early days of the Spanish occupancy looks more like a stable than a playhouse, but many noted actors have tred its quaint stage, and Jenny Lind once sang within its walls. It has been recently falling into decay, but sufficient money has been raised by the California Landmarks Fund to purchase the old theater and make it a possession of the can be no question of the House's duty to pass it. people. Denations were received from theaters through out California until at last the sum required for its pur chase, \$2,500, has been raised, and the present Californi Legislature will be asked to accept the theater and sev eral other landmarks, putting them under State protec tion, with a suitable sum set aside for their repair and maintenance.

Works in Pottery.

An exquisite percelain manufactured in Cincinnati t from first to last the result of one woman's genius and patience. In 1877 Miss M. Louise McLaughlin discovered the secret of underglaze decoration, but her greater achievement is the production of an absolutely new porcelain-the result of her own unaided experiment throughout a number of years fraught with discouraging failures. Before definitely fixing the composition of this ware Miss McLaughlin experimented with eighteen dif- Arkansas Senators Defeat Bill ferent bodies and some forty-five glazes. While this recipe gives its originator perfect satisfaction, she is constantly developing color effects and perfecting details such as translucence, original designs in openwork, inlayof glaze and inlays used in the body of the vase.

French Shoulder Talk.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

When it comes to the display of her back and arms the Frenchwoman excels. She shrugs with them. She says yes and no, she expresses surprise, joy, disdain and sorrow, all by the gestures of her back and arms. She laces her waist so tight that it seems as though she would break in two. But her bust is free and her breath ing space is full. She would not think of cramping her many years avail themselves of its provisions, just lungs. She pulls the laces tight below the ribs and below as the levee and drainage laws, which have worked the lung space and below the bust line in order that the beautiful upper figure may have plenty of room in which to breathe and expand and be graceful.

Japa "Red-Brown," Not Yellow.

Chicago Tribune. Chicago, March 11 - I beg respectfully to correct a frequent error in our American papers of calling Japanese 'yellow," when, as a matter of fact, they really are brown-in fact, quite a red-brown, and haven't a bit of

"yellow" either in their color or nature, for that matter, as well. They are about exactly the color of an American re peany, rather than a yellow, as popularly supposed.

E. H. DEAKIN, For six years a resident in Japan.

Oyama's Sole Problem

Japan may have some trouble in feeding its prise

SOCIETY WILL DO HONOR TO CHINESE MINISTER TO THE UNITED STATES

8ir Chentung Liang-Cheng Will Be the Guest of the Commercial Club Friday Night at the Kauffman Munsion, Now Occupied by W. K. Bixby-Semipolitical Tinge Adds Interest to the Function-St. Louis Club Will Give Reception for Distinguished Visitor-Happenings and Personal Mention.



Miss NELLIE NIEDRINGHAUS.

Daughter of P. G. Niedringhaus, who will remain abroad this summer and travel with friends.

There are many really important things | Bowling Association alleys, High scores happening in society this week, but the most talked of is the reception to be given in bonor of Sir Chentone Liang Cheng. in honor of Sir Chentung Liang Cheng. Envey Extraordinary and Minister Pleni-

The reception will be given by the Commercial Club at the home of W. K. Bixby, president, in the former Kauffman residence at Lindell and King's Highway boulevards, Friday night. It is true the reception of Sir Chentung will be semicolitical, but that only adds interest to the affair, for in America there are so few functions of state that the women are al- in Rome. lowed to attend. In Europe, the women

TO BE MARRIED THIS EVENING. The marriage of Miss Fannie Hartmann of No. 4859 Cook avenue and Harry Unterberger of Wilburton, I. T., will take place at 6 o'clock this evening at Reb-mann's in the prisence of the relatives of the young couple. The Reverend Postor H. T. Messing will perform the ceremony.

Members of the Lotus Club entertains their friends at their first informal dance last Friday evening in Hart's Hall.

| Among those pr | | |
|----------------|--|-----|
| M. Anderson. | McNiff. | |
| L Anderson, | Kiser. | |
| B. Tappscott, | George, | |
| Ella Vogt. | Geart. | - 1 |
| Ida Menter, | dicary. | |
| Cora Hauser | Lioch. | |
| I. Anderson. | Dowling. | |
| May Menter. | Gottiet. | |
| Stella Hauser. | Sabilach | |
| P. Anderson, | Cicardi. | |
| N. Anderson, | C. C | |
| Lessieurs- | | |
| Atkins. | Fink. | |
| Gerst | Weise | |
| Newton. | Wittmend. | |
| Megel. | Lord. | |
| Wright. | Sexton. | - |
| Sullivan, | er haefer. | |
| Porter. | 16 ffmatin, | |
| Brockman, | Littley. | |
| Roman, | C. Hausmann, | |
| Potterfield. | McNally. | |
| ft. dausmann. | anti-reality. | |

Several prominent people of St. Inc. are now in Cuba, traveling over the island and enjoying the delightful weather. Among them are: Mr. and Mrs. Dan Nugent and Mrs. Casey, their mother; Mr. and Mrs. John Robberts, children and maid; Mr. and Mrs. Leon Hull, Mr. ani Mrz. Howard Blossom, D. B. Blossom, Al-fred Brackord, Mrs. S. W. Cobb and daughter, Doctor C. O'Riley, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cass Nelson. BOWLING PARTY.

Last Friday evening the V. Ds. entertained at a bowling party at the St. Louis | Southern Illinois.

J. Kane, R. Keller, M. Hourne, M. Nocran, PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Frank O'Pallon and her sons, 401 Westminster place, will spend Easter

n Rome.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Brown

Alonzo Brown Jr. and his bride are at A. D. Brown's. A reception in honor of the young couple will be given next Wednes-

Miss Dugenia Copen is in Florida. Mrs. Crawford Duncan has returne from California and will spend a fortnigh with her mother, Mrs. Cronk, of the Sout Side, before departing for her home i

Mr. and Mrs. Warren McElroy will depart next week for New York. Mrs. William C. Little and her daughter

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Bascom have re Mrs. Charles Lange of Copeland place is recovering from a two weeks' illness. Mrs. Lily Perry of the South Side will depart for an extended visit in Detroit and other Northern cities.

Miss Neille Niedringhaus will remain abroad this stammer and travel with

Mrs. F. H. Ingelis and Mrs. Will Ingalls will depart for Battle Creek, Mich., the latter part of this week,

Henry Laumier and his mother are visit-ing in the South. Mrs. Mary Kreischmar has returned the city after spending the winter is

Mrs. Joseph Lawrence Hanley is in New York visiting Doctor and Mrs. Lee.

Mr. and Mrs. McCurdy of No. 5:39 Morgan street have joined a house party in

ANTITRUST ACT

Permitting Fire Insurance Companies to Do Business Re gardless of Rating Burea is.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Little Rock, Ark., March 13.-By the one

sided vote of 6 ayes to 25 noes, the Sen ate to-day killed Senator Milan's bill modifying the fire insurance clause of the new antitrust act. The proposed modification was worded so as to permit old-line fire insurance companies to do business in Arkarsas regardless of their membership in rating bureaus elsewhere not affecting Arkansas rates.

Senator Milan declared that the supple mental act was a necessity in order to as sure the rebuilding of the burned district in Hot Springs. In reply Senator Butt and others said that the new antitrust act had been an issue in several State campaigns and had been approved by the peostand intact. Serator wanted to let the act ferator Hardy's bill to regulate banking, which, he declares, is a copy of the Missouri law, was before the Senate to-day, and a motion to postpone it indefinitely was defeated, 2 to 22. After a lengthy discussion the bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee. ple. Therefore, they wanted to let the act stand intact.

e Judiciary Committee. setor Killgore's bill requiring long-mee telephone companies to make ection with local exchanges passed

ing life insurance companies to keep three-fourths of their annual premiums collected in this State loaned to people in

the State.

The House passed the Miller bill providing for weighing all coal mined in the State before it is screened, for the better protection of miners.

A bill was presented by Mr. Jackson of Philips looking to the granting of sulcon licenses in Jonesboro, and the installing of a sewerage commission in that city from the license fund.

Announcement was made in the House from the Reense fund.

Announcement was made in the House that William Behlen, assistant journal clerk, had been stricken with smallpox and sent to the pesthouse. Nearly all the members had been vaccinated and the announcement case of the senior.

BIG OIL STRIKE AT LAWTON Chicago Men Sink Well With

Surprising Results.

Lawton, Ok., March 11—At the well being drilled by Messre, Gray and McRitchie of Chicago, three miles northeast of this city, a strong flow of gas was discovered early this morning. The gas vein was soon penetrated, and shortly afterward a second and stronger one was entered. This being penetrated, a strata of

A brokerage firm advertised conbeen tapped. This well is 1.50 feet
deep. Four stratus of gas have been
found, from each of which r strong flow
has been emitted. The second one brought
to the surface a stream of strong sulphur
water, which has been flowing over the
top of the well ever since.

The city is greatly excited. Oil and gas
experts and enthusiasts are predicting the
higgest strike in the history of the Territory.

Minera Bave Co-operative Store.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Herrin, Ill. March 12.—A co-operative
store, capitalized at 150,000, managed by
the laboring men in this city, opened for
business this moraing: Many miners are
stockholders.

Entire Ozark Region Aroused by Assessination of County Officer Who Was Shot Through Window of His Home.

West Plains, Mo., March E.—The assas-sination of Contable Joda Wilson at Ronce, Ocark County, has aroused the entire Omrk region.

rearching for the murderers, and Shoriff Mahan of Ozark County believes he will capture them.

Wilson was assess surrounded by his family. He was reading a newspaper before the fireplace. All the windows of the home were heavily emtained, for Wilson feared assau With a wire the assassin pulled the curtain aside and then fired the ball which pierced Wilson's brain.

The wire was left beside the window.

Tracks made by two persons were followed several miles.

They were lost in the mountains. Wil-sen was Constable of Burren Fork Town-ship.

BARTHOLDT BACKS NEGRO CANDIDATE

St. Louis Congressman Introduces J. Milton Turner to Boosevelt -- Wants Job in District of Columbia.

Wyatt Publing, 14th and F Streets. Washington, March 13.-Representative Bartholdt is backing J. Milton Turner, a negro stump erator and politician of St. Deeds in the District of Columbia.

Partholdt introduced Turner to the President this morning and was told that no decision as to the matter had been reached. The St. Louis Congressman vouches for Turner as one of the "prominent negro erators of the country."

But candidates are numerous for the job, and it seems that Turner was an enthustastic Democrat in the days of Cleveland. He has, however, been an active Roosevelt worker.

FIRM TO INCREASE CAPITAL

Believed Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Contemplate Additions.

The dry goods firm of Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney filed notice with the Reto increase its capital stock from \$100,000 Of the additional irsue, 2000,000 to to be

preferred stock, bearing 6 per cent interest, and the remaining \$6,000 is to be common stock. This will make the capi-talization of the company \$80,000 pre-ferred stock and \$56,000 common stock. Hanford Crawford, a member of the firm, said last evening that the purpose of the firm would be annou an extensive enlargement of its place of

tail stores in the city. The assets of the company are given as \$1,59,799.48 and its Habilities as \$200,-

VISITORS AT ST. LOUIS HOTELS

McD. Trimble of Kansas City registered fouthern yesterday. -George B. Gladden of Springfield, Ill., seg-stered at the St. Nicholas yesterday. -William P. Einer of Saline, Mo. was mong yesterday's quests at the Laclade. - Carl Sammler and Mrs. Sammler of Dres-len, Austria, were guests at the Planters. General S. S. Eumner, accompand A. Lieutenant J. A. Higgins, past the city yesterday and registered forson.

-Claude Hough, assistant secretary of the National Commission, errived yesteday from Washington, D. C., and is registered at the Jefferen. -First Lieutenant W. O. Reed, Sixth Cav-alry, United States Army, arrayed in St. Louis sesterday on his way to region his regiment as Fort Meade, S. D., and registered at the

Planters.

-Colonel H. P. Kingsbury of the Eighth United States Cavalry, former commander of the Jefferson Guard, arrived with Mrs. Kings-bury on their way to Washington, and reg-istered at the Stuthers.

Missouriane in New York. REPUBLIC SPID TAL

New York, March 12.-Among the arrivals at the hotels here to-day were the following from Missouri: St. Louis-C. A. Snodgrass, P. W. Greit ron, W. E. Kilburn, S. D. Winter, Hoffman; S. Black, J. C. Punch, W. P. Murphy, Imperial; Miss M. S. Parra, Mrs. A. Parra, Grenphic, Miss M. W. Fmith, E. A. Smith, Victoria; J. T. Walker and Mrs. Walker, Holland; R. Hughes, Fifth Avenue; A. T. Wort, Walker, Holland; R. Hughes, Fifth Avenue; A. T. Wort, Walker, Holland; R. Hughes, Fifth Avenue; A. J. Wort, Walker, W. Wellington; I. Berman and Mrs. Berman, Wellington; I. Berman and Mrs. Fox, Victoria; D. A. Hill, Empire; J. W. Hamitton, Minchair; R. Pierson, St. Ismis; H. Roberts, Mrs. Boberts, Chilliac; J. M. Norton, Continental, Kansas City—J. K. Burnham, Miss W. Hoeven, Park Avenue; E. Schmidt, E. P. Vichera, Cumberland; W. Barman, Imperial.

Take Piec's Core for Contestion It

An entertainment will be given under Patrons' Association in Loup Hall, Friday evening at 7:5 o'clock. The programme includes selections by a chorus of pupils of rooms Nos. 1, 2, 2 and 4, Central High School Violin Club; Miss Garfield Miller, vocalist, and Miss High Hellmich, planiste, and pictures of travel by F. Louis Soldan.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY IN ST. LOUIS.

tered. This being penetrated, a strata of genuine oil and was discovered.

In this sand oil in large quantities has been found, and the drillers believe that a vein of immeasurable dimensions has a vein of immeasurable dim